

Year 5 Knowledge Organiser- Brazil and South America

Key Human and Physical Features

Essential Learning

- Tropical Rainforests are composed of a forest floor, understory, canopy and emergent layer.
- Deforestation has an impact on climate change, the indigenous people of the Amazon rainforest and animals such as a sloth, jaguar and poison dart frog.
- The term *indigenous* is used to refer to people who are native to a place which has since been colonised by people from other places.
- Name and locate different cities in Brazil such as Sao Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Manaus and Salvador understanding how their climates differ.
- To know that people live in urbanised cities such as Rio de Janeiro and compare them to Leeds.
- Identify and locate the Tropic of Cancer and Tropic of Capricorn.
- Understand temperate climate and tropical climate.

Key Vocabulary

Indigenous people

- Maintain traditions or other aspects of an early culture that is associated with a given region.

Tropic of Cancer

- North of the equator

Tropic of Capricorn

- South of the equator

Climate change

- Changes in temperature and weather patterns

Urbanisation

- Increase of people living in towns and cities.

Endangered

- In danger of becoming extinct

Deforestation

- The action of clearing a wide area of trees

Sustainability

- Avoiding the removal of natural resources to make new items.



The Amazon Rainforest



The Amazon River



Sao Paulo



Rio de Janeiro

Key Questions:

What are the impacts of deforestation on Brazil?

Manufacturers would say Palm Oil is essential.

Why could you disagree with this?

Where in the rainforest would a sloth live and why?

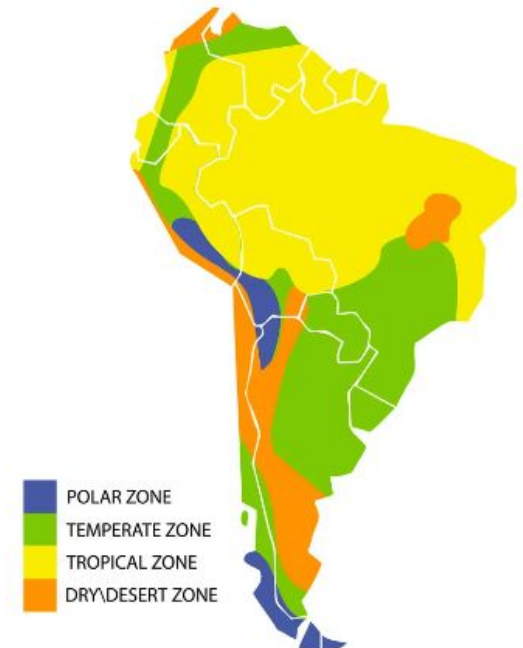
South America



Useful Maps

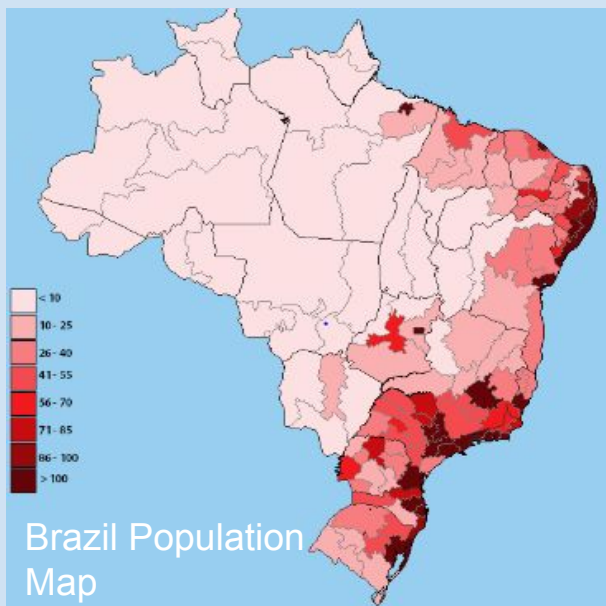


SOUTH AMERICA CLIMATE ZONES



A map with cities

Physical Map



Brazil Population Map

Biomes of North America

